WOOTTON BRIDGE PARISH COUNCIL LONE WORKING POLICY

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Purpose of this policy and procedure

The council recognises that some of our staff work alone, and where this is the case, seeks to ensure the health and safety of all lone workers. This document:

- Raises awareness of the safety issues relating to lone working,
- Identifies and assesses potential risks to an individual working alone,
- Explains the importance of reasonable and practicable precautions to minimise potential risk,
- Provides appropriate support to lone workers, and,
- Encourages reporting of all incidents associated with lone working so that they can be adequately managed and used to help reduce risks and improve working arrangements for the future.

The scope of this policy

It applies to all staff, whether full time, part time or temporary workers. It does not apply to councillors.

Policy

We will protect staff from the risks of lone working, as far as is reasonably practicable. Working alone is not in itself against the law and it is often safe to do so. However, the council's policy is to consider carefully and deal with any health and safety risks for those who work alone.

Definition

'Lone Worker' refers to people who work by themselves without work colleagues either during or outside normal working hours. Examples include:

- A caretaker who opens and closes a hall either early in the morning or late at night
- A groundsman tending to green space
- Office workers who work alone in the premises, and,
- Homeworkers.

Any worker under the age of 18 years, or anyone working in confined spaces is not permitted to work on their own.

Responsibilities

All staff have a responsibility for the health and safety of work colleagues. The key responsibilities are as follows:

Wootton Bridge Parish Council

- Will try to avoid the need for lone working as far as is reasonably practicable;
- Ensure that the worker is competent to work alone;
- Ensure that all lone working activities must be formally risk assessed. This should identify the risk to lone workers; any control measures necessary to minimise those risks; and emergency procedures;

- Arrangements for lone working must be made clear to staff and the details of what can or cannot be done while working alone explained;
- Lone workers must be informed of the hazards and understand the necessary control
 measures that need to be put in place and have the opportunity to contribute to the
 risk assessment;
- Must raise the alarm if staff cannot be contacted or do not return as anticipated
- Must ensure that all staff are aware of this lone working policy and procedure and provide appropriate levels of training and guidance on lone working.

Lone workers

- Take reasonable care of themselves and others who may be affected by their work
- To follow any instruction given by management or the council
- Raise with their line manager any concerns they have in relation to lone working
- Not to work alone where there is adequate information to undertake a risk assessment.
- Inform their line manager at the earliest opportunity in the event of an accident, incident of violence or aggression whilst working alone

Staff

• To be aware of colleagues working on their own and alert to unexpected changes of routine, unanticipated periods where there is no communication.

Risk Assessments

A Lone Working Risk Assessment should be reviewed by the lone worker before undertaking the work and communicated to all relevant staff or councillors.

People who work alone will of course face the same risks in their work as those doing similar roles/tasks. However, they may additionally encounter hazards such as:

- Sudden illness
- Faulty equipment
- Travelling alone
- Remote locations
- Abuse from members of the public
- Animal attacks

Lone Worker Guidance

- Lone workers must carry their mobile telephone.
- Employees must take reasonable care not to put themselves at undue risk. If they feel that they would be at particular risk unless additional precautions are taken then they should discuss this with the Clerk in the first instance.
- Plan the visit let someone know time of leaving, where going and estimated time of return.
- Try to avoid confrontation. If a situation does become heated, try to stay calm. If violence is threatened it is best to withdraw. In the event that an employee suspects

that a violent attack is imminent it may be possible to use a mobile telephone to summon assistance (e.g. 999 for the police) or press the panic alarm. Heated arguments can suddenly escalate to the point at which violence is used and in practice there may be little time to call for help.

- Ensure that you are properly trained and have the skills and knowledge to do your
 job safely and without risks to health. If you feel that you need extra training, then
 discuss this with the Clerk.
- Employee to use main desk when lone working as the panic alarm is located there.

Health and wellbeing

In order to ensure your personal safety, it is important that you share any details of any aspects of your health that could lead to increased risk with your manager or specific councillors. This includes pregnancy. You can then jointly plan to mitigate any potential risks caused by your circumstances. This information will be treated on a strict 'need to know' basis with your confidentiality of the utmost importance.

Reporting incidents

Any incidents or perceived risks encountered while lone working should be recorded, reviewed and acted upon. The report should include:

- A brief note of what happened, when, and who was involved,
- For any work-related aggression (verbal or physical) including threatening behaviour, all of the details of the incident and of the perpetrator should be captured, which could then be used if the police take any formal prosecution action. This might be particularly important for more serious incidents of work-related violence, and,
- In either instance, this might also include recording details of any circumstances you
 think might have contributed to the incident, e.g. the context of the interaction,
 perceptions about the condition of the perpetrator, or any environmental
 circumstances. This information would then support us to review our risk assessment
 process and see if any additional measures are needed.

If you feel unsafe, unwell, or become injured call the emergency services if you need immediate assistance. If possible, call either the another employee or the chair/councillor.

This is a non-contractual procedure which will be reviewed from time to time.

Date of policy: May 2023

Date for next review: May 24